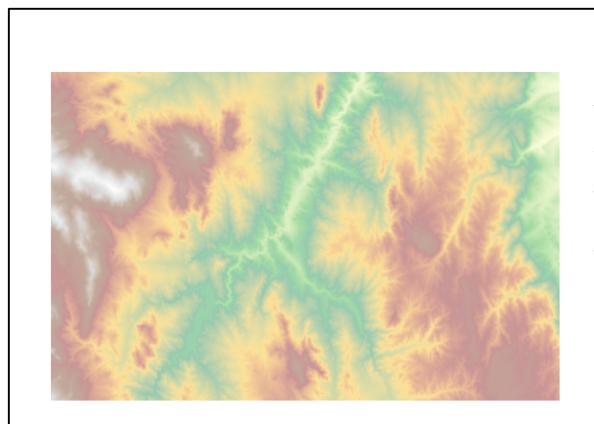


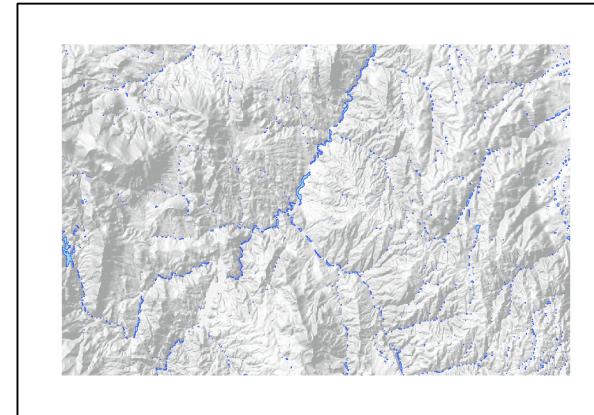
# Elevation Derivatives for National Applications Sandra Franken USGS EROS Data Center, Sioux Falls, SD



# Filled DEM

File Type: Grid -Integer Valid Values: Elevation

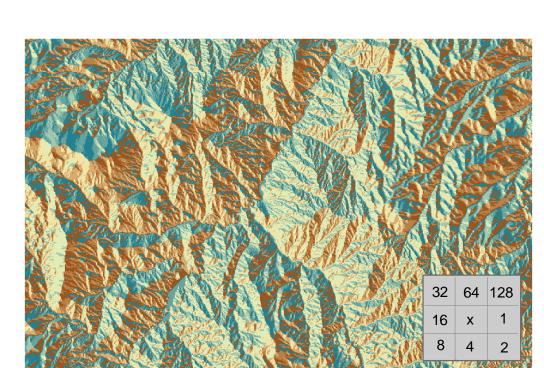
During this processing step, efforts were made to maintain natural sink features.



## Sinks

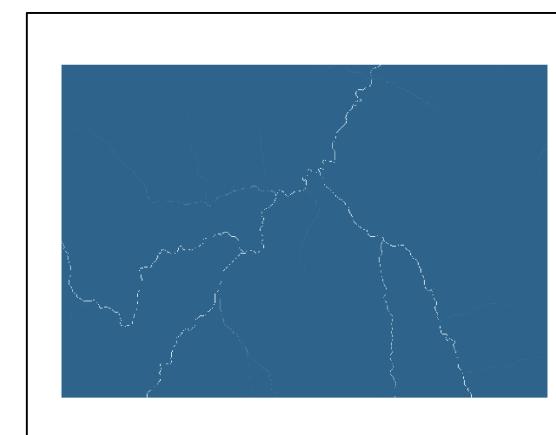
File Type: Vector (polygon)

Defines the extent of each depression filled during creation of the filled digital elevation model. Each cell within a depression is assigned a unique value. Upland cells are assigned a value of "no data." The sinks are polygons representing filled areas in the digital elevation model that are larger than 1000 contiguous



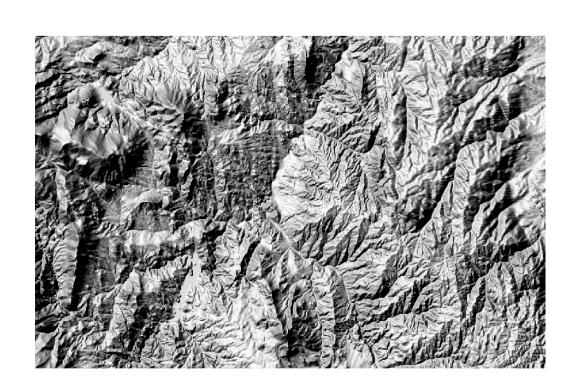
# **Flow Direction**

File Type: Grid -Integer
This grid describes the direction of flow from each pixel to its steepest down slope neighbor. In the case of a maintained depression, flow directions are referred to as undefined f a cell has the same change in elevation values in multiple directions and is part of a sink, the flow direction value for that cell is coded as the sum of those directions. Generated from the filled DEM using the 'flowdirection' function. Each cell is assigned a code (value) that defines the direction water will flow from the cell. There are eight possible flow directions: east (1), southeast (2), south (4), southwest (8), west (16), northwest (32) north (64), and



# **Flow** Accumulation

File Type: Grid Floating Point Represents the number of upstream cells that flow to a specific cell. Each cell is assigned a value that is the sum of all the cells that contribute flow to the cell. Generated from the flow direction grid using the 'flowaccumulation' function Threshold values are closely related to network density. The higher the threshold value, the lower the network density and the lower the threshold value, the higher the network density. In this project the threshold value for flow accumulation required to begin a synthetic streamline was set to 5000 cells.

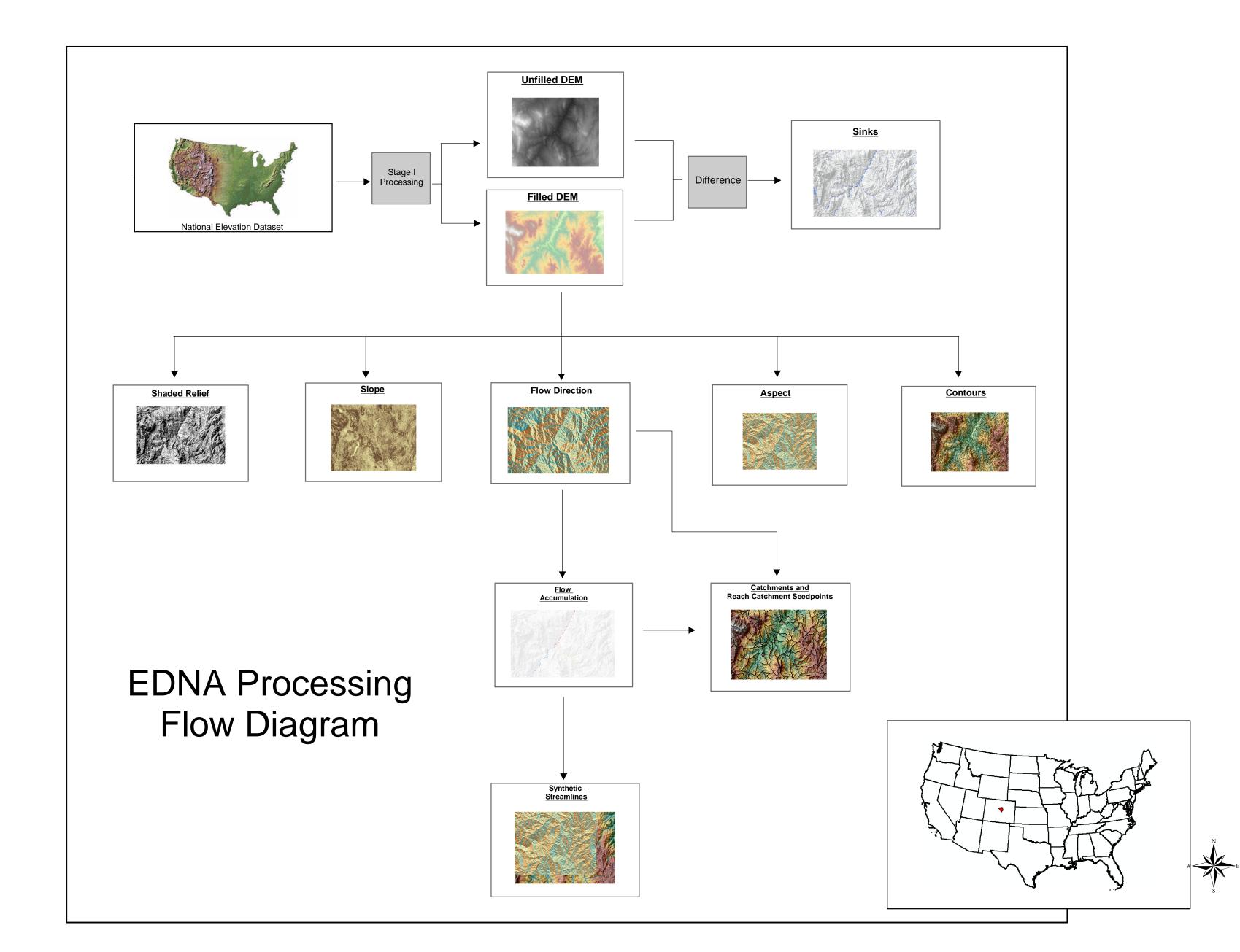


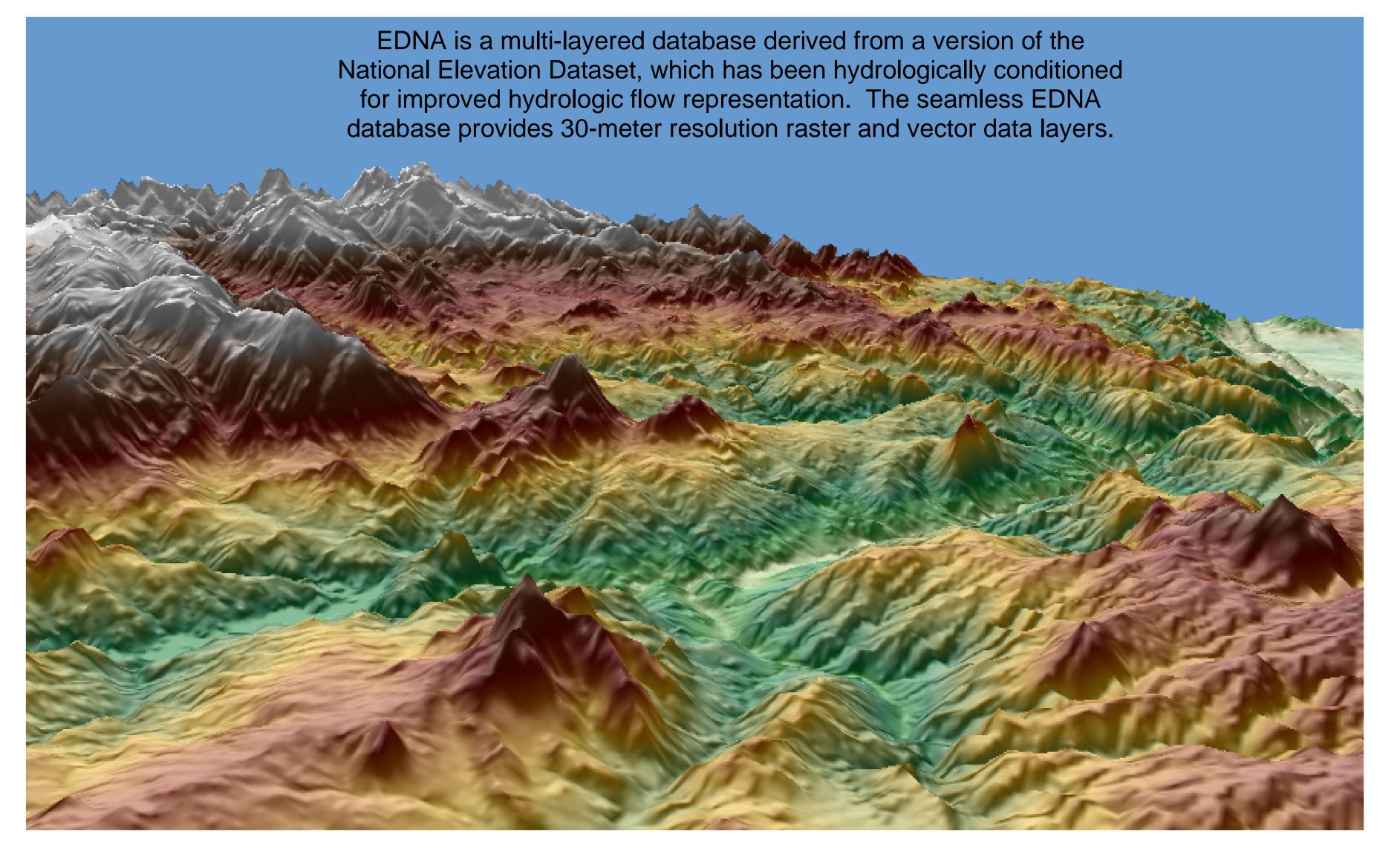
### Shaded Relief

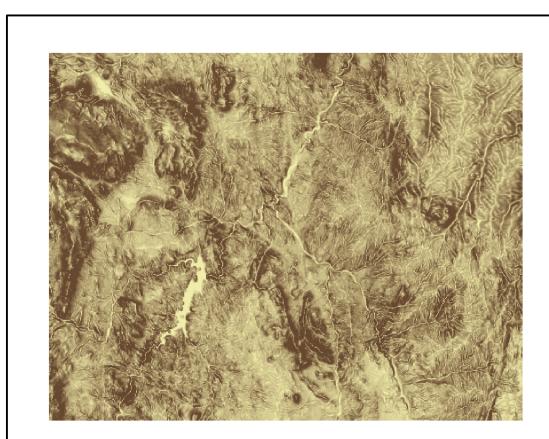
File Type: Grid -Integer Valid Values 0-254

Created from the original digital elevation model grid using the "hillshade"

Sun azimuth = 315 degrees Sun elevation = 60 degrees Vertical exaggeration factor of 5x

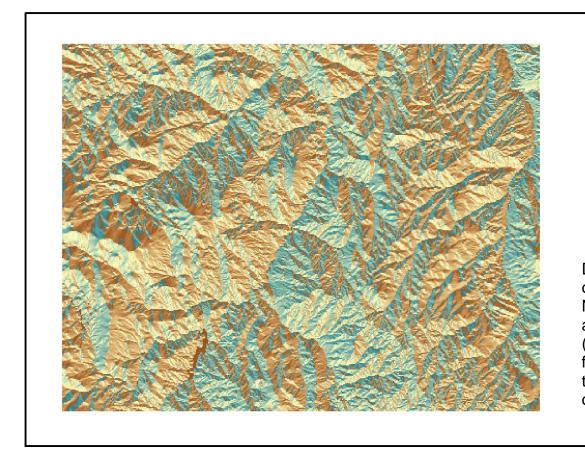






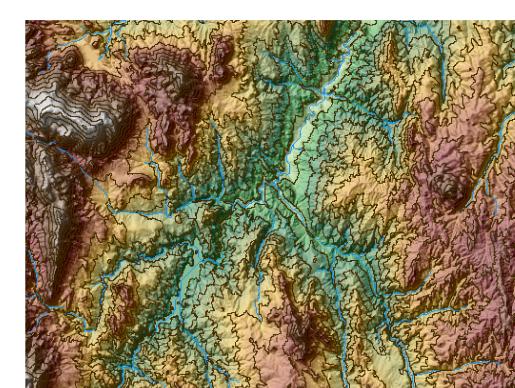
File Type: Grid Valid Values: 0 to 90 degrees

Generated from the filled digital elevation model using the 'slope' function



### Aspect File Type: Grid Integer

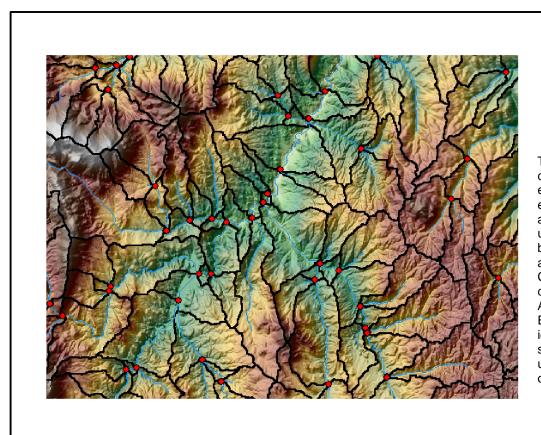
Downslope direction of maximum rate of change from one pixel to its neighbors Non-defined aspect (slope = 0) are assigned a value of -99. Aspect values (from -1 to 360 degrees in floating point format) were multiplied by 100 to convert to integers and retain 2 decimal places



# Contours

File Type: Vector (polyline)

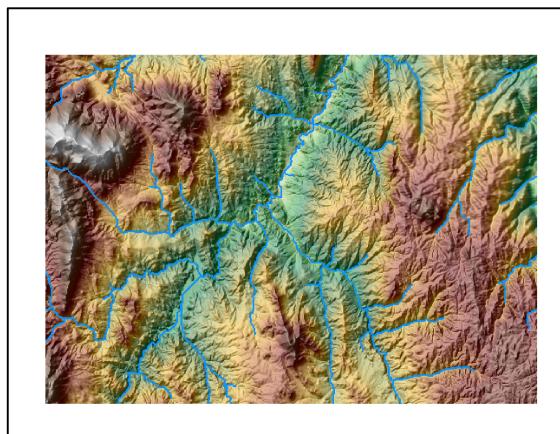
Topographic isolines derived from the EDNA original digital elevation model. Contour intervals are variable depending on regional topography. The contour interval is typically 100 meters. If the range of elevation values in a local area was less than 100 meters, then a contour interval of 10 meters was used. If the range of elevation values in a local area was less than 10 meters, then a contour interval of 1 meter was used.



# **Reach Catchments** and Seedpoints

File Type: Vector (polygon)

seed points and streamlines, and allows for analysis of upstream and downstream flow relationships with any other catchment or stream.



# **Synthetic Streamlines**

ile Type: Vector (polyline) This coverage is derived from the flow accumulation grid. A threshold of 5,000 cells is applied to the flow accumulation grid, and a mask is created. Cells having a value greater than 5,000 are set to 1, and the remaining cells are set to "NODATA". The mask grid is then converted to the vector streamlines coverage. (also referred to as "synthetic streamlines"). Each synthetic streamline is also assigned a Pfafstetter number that identifies the basin subdivision level, relates associated seed points and catchments, and allows for analysis of upstream and downstream flow relationships with any other catchment